

2019 CRD Financial Plan

Presentation to Capital Regional District Board of Directors

Wednesday March 20, 2019





Impacts of Economic Conditions







2018 BUILDING PERMITS

34%

INCREASE IN DWELLINGS



2.4%

INFLATION RATE IN VICTORIA



3.6%

SECOND LOWEST UNEMPLOYMENT RATE IN CANADA

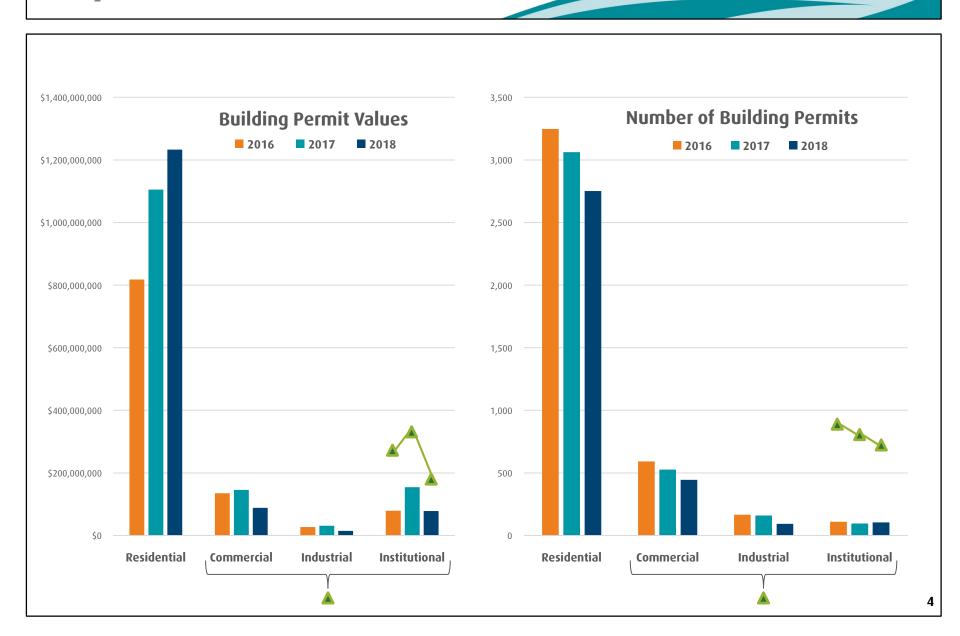


+4%

INCREASE IN UTILITY RATES

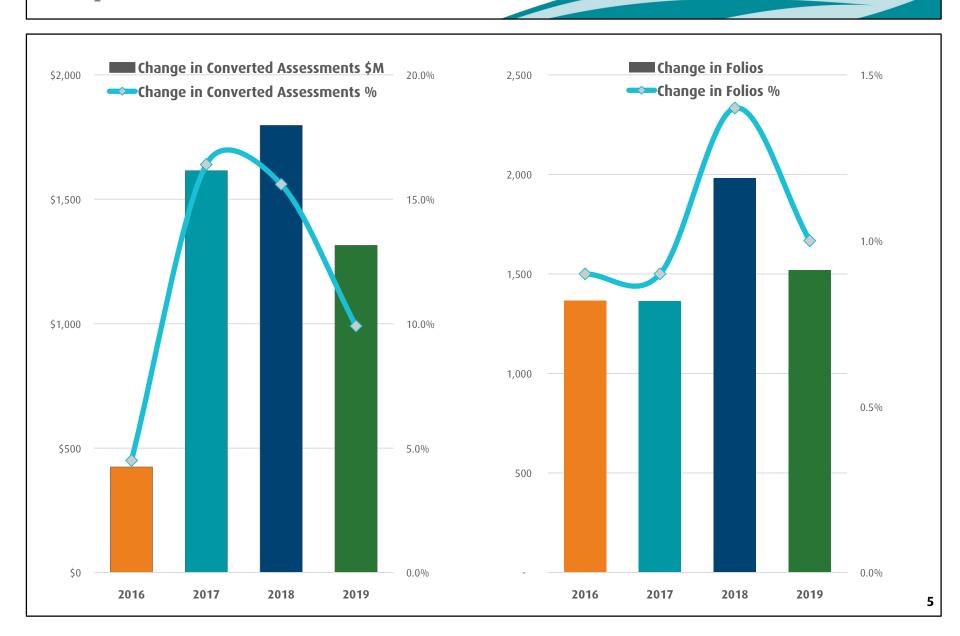
Impacts of Economic Conditions





Impacts of Economic Conditions





Impacts of 2019 Capital Plan





The CRD 2019 Capital Plan of \$382.2M is expected to generate 1,935 new jobs across British Columbia through the flow of goods and services among various industries.

Consolidated 2019 Financial Plans



CONSOLIDATED OPERATING BUDGET

\$313.3M



Capital Regional District \$261.8M



Capital Regional Hospital District \$33.4M



 $\frac{1}{1000}$ Capital Region Housing Corporation \$18.1M

CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL BUDGET

\$503.1M



Capital Regional District \$382.2M



Capital Regional Hospital District \$55.6M



Capital Region Housing Corporation \$65.3M

Financial Plan Summary



2019 OPERATING BUDGET



Capital Regional District

\$261.8M

2019 CAPITAL BUDGET



Capital Regional District

\$382.2M



Investing in the Future

Capital investment is almost 15x the rate of depreciation



Managing the Cost of Debt

Less than 11% of revenue is planned for long-term debt payments



Supporting Board and Corporate Priorities

Continued focus on CAWTP, Affordable Housing, Active Multimodal Transportation, First Nations Reconciliation, and Climate Action

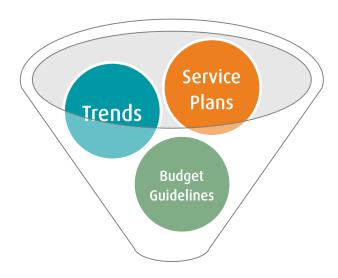


Diversifying Revenue Streams

Almost ½ of operating revenue comes from sale of services while just over ¼ from requisition

Budget Planning Process





2019 Budget



Service Planning Process

Define appropirate levels of service delivery, adjust impacts, realign resources, evaluate infrastructure



Trends and Assumptions

Adjustments made for external factors including population growth, demographics, economic, etc.



Budget Guidelines

Finance Committee and Board approved Financial Management Strategies and Guidelines

Approval Process

- Finance Committee and Board approved guidelines May 2018
- Electoral Area Services Committee delegated budget review
- · Committee of the Whole

Provisional Budget

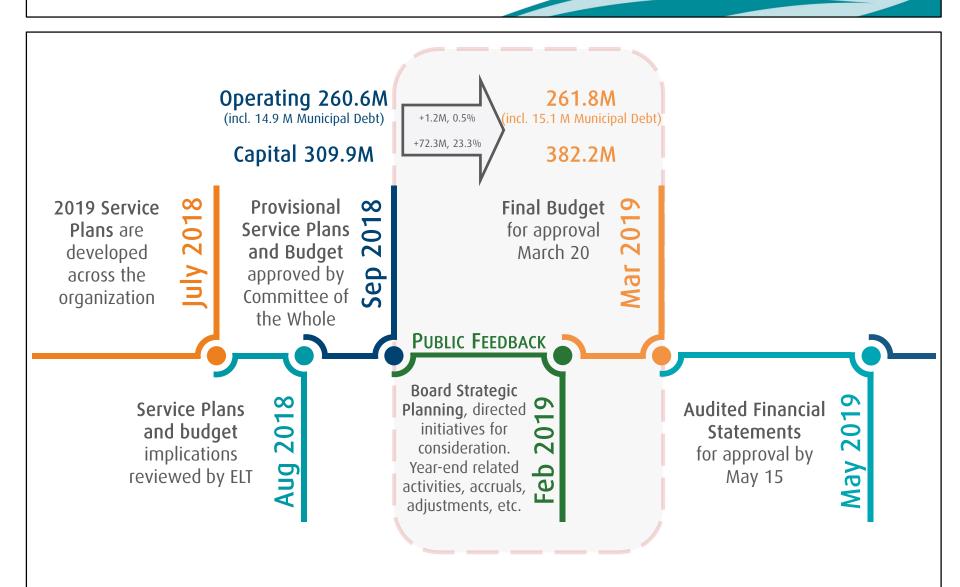
- Recommended approval by EASC
- Board approved September 5
- Included authority to expend January 1 through March 31 2019

Final Budget

- Revised with changes in assessments, year-end adjustments, and committee directed initiatives
- Approval by March 31 2019

Budget Planning Timeline





2019 CRD Preliminary Budget



Preliminary Approval

- Provisional Budget was based on the 2019 Service and Financial Planning Guidelines from Finance Committee and CRD Board.
- Based on 4 key principles;

Core Operating

optimize service delivery, mitigate cost increases, rebalance priorities ahead of new strategic plan

Limit Inflation

manage cost escalation in service and construction contracts to consumer price index where possible

Administration

manage cost implications of changes such as EHT, 1/3 tax exemption, collective agreements, etc.

New Initiatives

limit to only service level enhancement approved in the 2018 service plans for implementation in 2019

 Budget
 2019 Preliminary
 2018 Final
 Δ \$
 Δ %

 Operating
 \$260.6M
 \$248.4M
 \$12.1
 4.9%

 Capital
 \$309.9M
 \$258.7M*
 \$51.2
 19.8%

\$12.1M 4.9% Core Operating,

Administration, 3.4M, 1.4%

CAWTP, 6.1M, 2.5% Core Operat 2.6M, 1.0%

^{*} amended 2018 capital plan

2019 CRD Financial Plan Summary



Operating Budget Summary (\$M) (Staff Report Table 2a). municipal debt consolidated with debt servicing

Expenditure Type	2019 Final Budget	2019 Preliminary	Δ\$	Δ %	2018 Budget
Operations	165.3	163.1	2.2	1.3%	156.8
Capital Funding	41.3	42.9	(1.6)	(3.7%)	40.6
Transfer to Reserves	16.6	17.2	(0.6)	(3.5%)	13.9
Debt Servicing	23.6	22.5	1.1	4.9%	22.4
Municipal Debt	15.0	14.9	0.1	0.7%	14.7
Total	\$261.8	\$260.6	\$1.2	0.5%	\$248.4

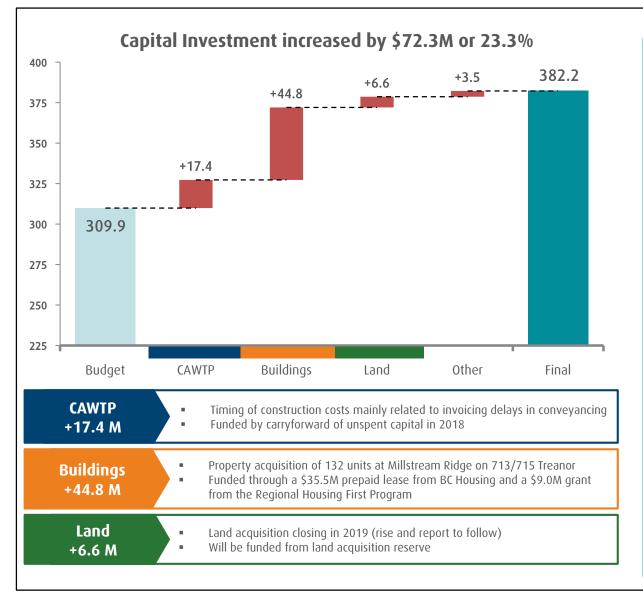
Capital Budget Summary (\$M) (Staff Report Table 4a)

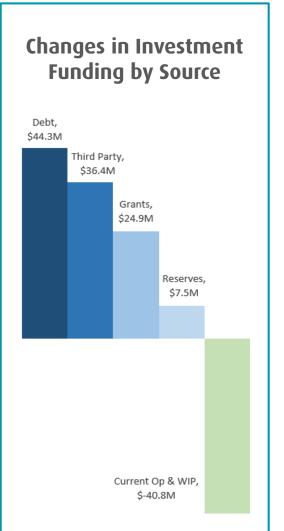
Expenditure Type	2019 Final Budget	2019 Preliminary	Δ\$	Δ %	2018 Budget
CAWTP (Core Project)	260.2	242.8	17.4	5.6%	134.7
Buildings	52.7	7.9	44.8	14.5%	18.5
Engineered Structures	51.7	48.9	2.8	0.9%	48.5
Land	8.3	1.7	6.6	2.1%	1.5
Equipment	7.4	7.0	0.4	0.1%	8.7
Vehicles	1.9	1.6	0.3	0.1%	1.9
Total	\$382.2	\$309.9	\$72.3	23.3%	\$213.7*

^{* 2018} capital plan before amendments (primarily timing in CAWTP)

Changes in Capital

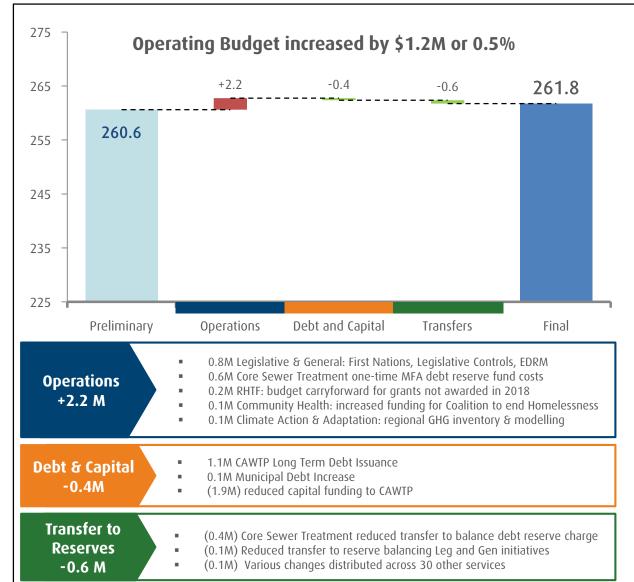


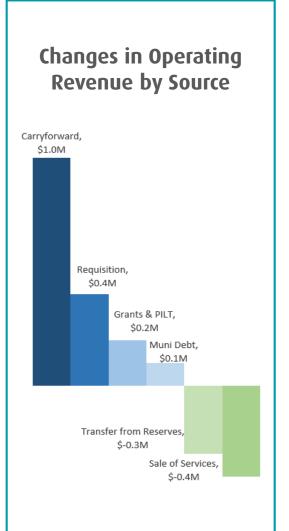




Changes in Operating

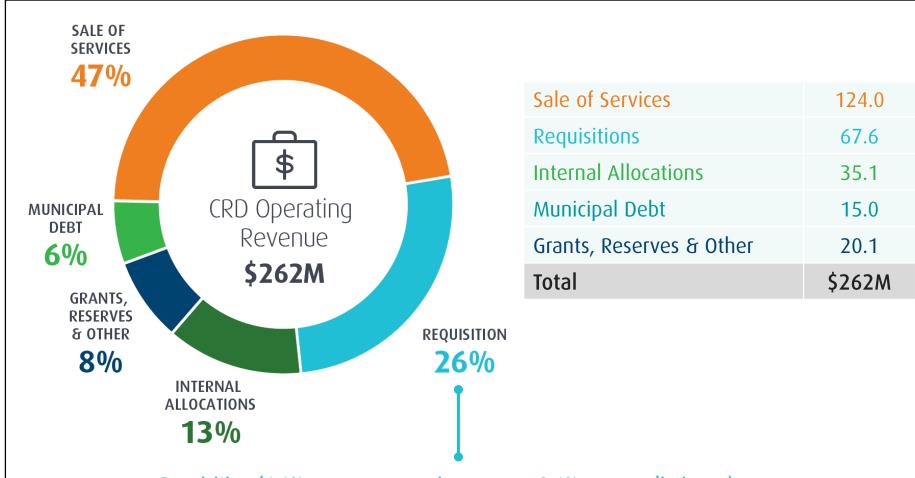






Sources of Revenue - Operating



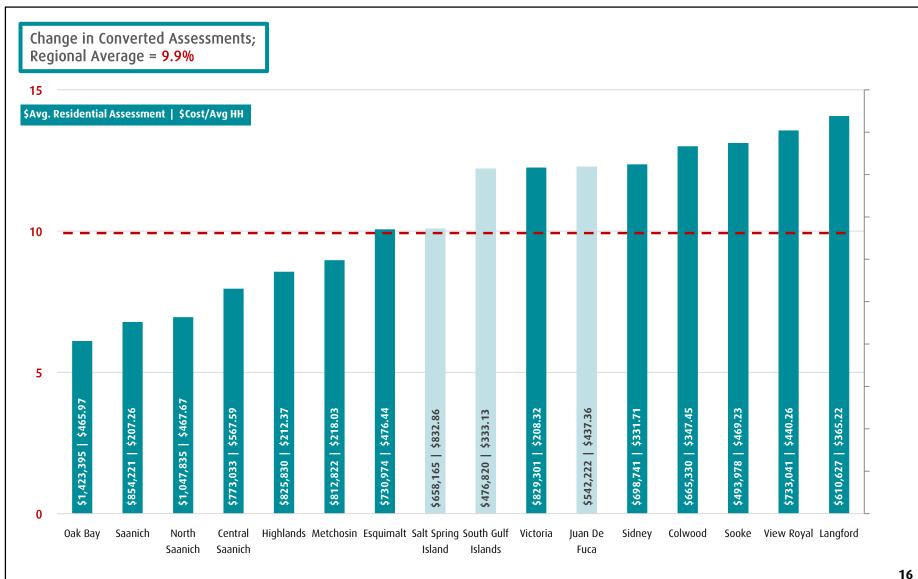


Requisition (6.1% year-over-year increase, or 0.6% over preliminary)

2019 Final Budget	2019 Preliminary	Δ\$	Δ%	2018 Budget
\$67.6M	\$67.1M	\$0.5M	0.6%	\$63.7M

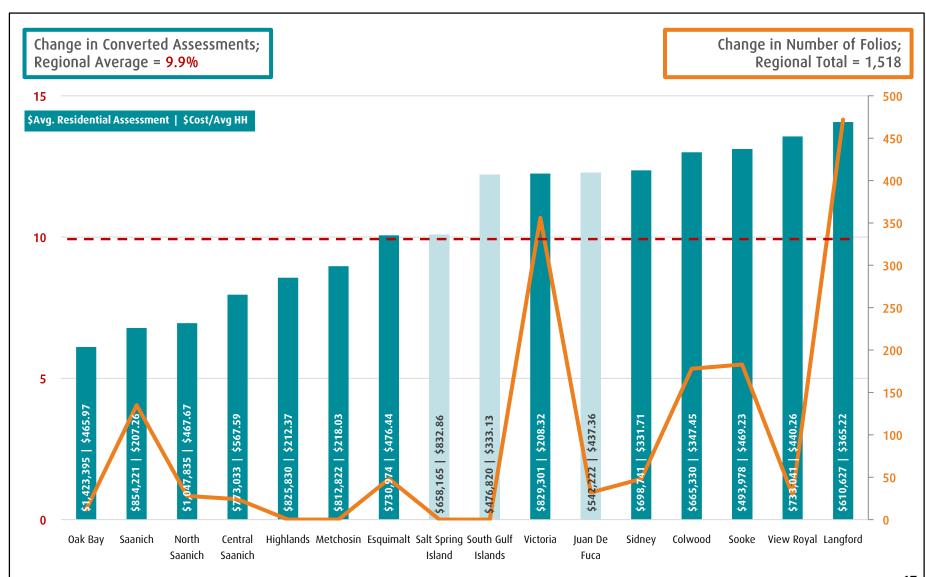
Impacts of Assessment





Impacts of Assessment





Requisition by Municipality& EAs



Municipalities & EAs	Impact of Assessment	Impact of CAWTP	All Other CRD	CRD Final	Cost per HH CRD	Cost per HH CRD & CRHD
Colwood	1.0%	9.8%	3.0%	13.8%	12.0%	6.4%
Esquimalt	0.3%	13.1%	1.6%	15.0%	15.1%	8.1%
Langford	1.2%	9.3%	3.8%	14.3%	10.8%	8.3%
Oak Bay	(2.0%)	not requisitioned	1.8%	(0.2%)	(0.6%)	(1.4%)
Saanich	(2.3%)	not requisitioned	5.0%	2.7%	2.0%	(0.1%)
Victoria	1.6%	not requisitioned	4.7%	6.3%	3.3%	1.5%
View Royal	0.8%	8.3%	2.2%	11.3%	10.7%	7.3%
Central Saanich	(0.6%)		3.8%	3.2%	2.4%	1.1%
Highlands	(1.2%)		6.2%	5.0%	5.0%	2.1%
Metchosin	(0.8%)		6.2%	5.4%	5.5%	3.2%
North Saanich	(1.6%)		3.7%	2.1%	(0.0%)	(0.9%)
Sidney	1.7%		2.2%	3.9%	4.4%	3.9%
Sooke	0.6%		5.5%	6.1%	2.9%	2.3%
Juan de Fuca	0.2%		9.0%	9.2%	7.3%	6.1%
Salt Spring Island	(0.1%)		2.1%	2.0%	1.9%	1.8%
Southern Gulf Islands	0.3%		6.0%	6.3%	6.5%	5.8%
Total	-	2.3%	3.8%	6.1%	5.6%	3.2%

Financial Health Indicators





Investing for the Future

<u>Measure:</u> the amount of capital invested in infrastructure for every dollar that assets depreciate each year.

Result: in 2019, the investment in capital will be \$77.4M* vs \$25.3M in amortization. This yields a 3.1x multiplier.





Saving for a Rainy Day

<u>Measure:</u> reserves provide sources of funding for uncontrollable factors and allow the CRD to set aside funds for future capital requirements.

<u>Result:</u> in 2019, reserve contributions will total \$16.6M vs a \$246.8M* operating budget. The result is 6.8%.



^{*} excludes investment in CAWTP and RHFP, otherwise investment = 382.2M with an 15.1x multiplier

^{*} excludes municipal debt servicing costs, otherwise operating budget = 261.8M with 6.4% contribution rate

Financial Health Indicators





Debt Affordability

<u>Measure:</u> the amount of revenue committed to debt repayment for existing and new capital.

Result: in 2019, debt servicing costs will account for \$23.5M* out of the total revenue of \$206.5M**. This equates to 11.4%.





Debt Management

<u>Measure:</u> the amount of capital investment that will be funded by debt (instead of operating or reserves).

Result: in 2019, debt will fund approximately 13% of total capital investment of \$77.4M*.



^{*} excludes municipal debt (15M)

^{**} excludes municipal debt (15M), internal allocations (34.2M), and surplus carryforward (4.9M)

^{*} Excludes investment in CAWTP (260.2M) and RHFP (44.5), inclusive of these investments debt funding is 18.7% of the plan

Summary





Investing in the Future

Capital investment is almost 15x the rate of depreciation



Managing the Cost of Debt

Less than 11% of revenue is planned for long-term debt payments



Supporting Board and Corporate Priorities

Continued focus on CAWTP, Affordable Housing, Active Multimodal Transportation, First Nations Reconciliation, and Climate Action



Diversifying Revenue Streams

Almost ½ of operating revenue comes from sale of services while just over ¼ from requisition

Backup Slides

Assessment Details



			Change in Average	Change in Cost per	
	Change in	Change in Converted	Residential	Average Residential	Change in Number
	Requisition	Assessments	Assessments	Assessment	of Folios
Central Saanich	3.2%	8.0%	7.1%	2.4%	0.3%
Colwood	13.8%	13.0%	11.2%	12.0%	2.9%
Esquimalt	15.0%	10.1%	10.2%	15.1%	0.9%
Highlands	5.1%	8.6%	8.5%	5.0%	-0.1%
Langford	14.3%	14.1%	10.6%	10.8%	3.3%
Metchosin	5.4%	9.0%	9.0%	5.5%	-0.3%
North Saanich	2.1%	6.9%	4.7%	0.0%	0.6%
Oak Bay	-0.2%	6.1%	5.7%	-0.6%	0.2%
Saanich	2.7%	6.8%	6.0%	2.0%	0.3%
Sidney	3.9%	12.4%	12.8%	4.4%	0.8%
Sooke	6.1%	13.1%	9.8%	2.9%	3.1%
Victoria	6.3%	12.2%	9.1%	3.3%	1.2%
View Royal	11.3%	13.6%	13.0%	10.7%	0.8%
Juan De Fuca	9.2%	12.3%	10.3%	7.3%	0.9%
Salt Spring Island	2.0%	10.1%	9.9%	1.9%	-0.1%
Southern Gulf Island	6.3%	12.2%	12.5%	6.5%	-0.2%
	6.1%	9.9%	8.8%	5.1%	1.0%
Total	Α	В	С	D	E

Converted Assessment values (B) will have a direct impact on the Requisition (A) for each municipality. If the Converted Assessment value for a municipality increases less than the average Converted Assessments for the region, then that municipality will receive less in requisition than those with Converted Assessments at or above the average for the region. If (B) is lower than the average, (A) will decrease for that municipality.

Assessment Details



	Change in Average							
	Change in	Change in Converted	Residential	Change in Cost per				
	Requisition	Assessments	Assessments	Average Residential	Change in Number			
	(in \$ millions)	(in \$ millions)	(in \$ millions)	Assessment	of Folios			
Central Saanich	0.144	46.6	0.051	13.05	24			
Colwood	0.297	53.9	0.067	37.22	178			
Esquimalt	0.376	40.4	0.067	62.57	48			
Highlands	0.010	6.5	0.065	10.16	(1)			
Langford	0.936	154.2	0.058	35.62	472			
Metchosin	0.020	11.7	0.067	11.36	(5)			
North Saanich	0.056	39.7	0.047	(0.10)	28			
Oak Bay	-0.007	55.8	0.077	(2.85)	12			
Saanich	0.255	249.9	0.048	4.01	135			
Sidney	0.095	58.4	0.079	13.86	48			
Sooke	0.181	38.7	0.044	13.34	183			
Victoria	0.571	416.3	0.069	6.70	356			
View Royal	0.214	41.9	0.084	42.56	29			
Juan de Fuca	0.155	25.1	0.051	29.72	32			
Salt Spring Island	0.110	40.5	0.059	15.73	(9)			
Southern Gulf Islands	0.134	36.1	0.053	20.24	(12)			
Total	3.899	1315.7	0.988	313.18	1,518			
					24			