Wastewater Treatment



BIOSOLIDS PRODUCTION REPORT

Capital Regional District | January 2023

Summary of Biosolids Production & End Use

1. Amount of Biosolids Produced

Due to equipment failure at Lafarge, no Class A Biosolids produced at the Residuals Treatment Facility (RTF) were provided to Lafarge per the Definitive Plan. A total of 249 tonnes (t) were deposited in Hartland landfill.

Information on the CRD's biosolids beneficial use strategy can be found <u>here</u>. The Definitive Plan can be found <u>here</u> and the Contingency Plan can be found <u>here</u>.

Biosolids production and end use data for January 2023 is as follows:

Dissolida	Produced		End Use				
Biosolids Type			Definitive Plan ^b	Contingency Plan: BGM ^c	Contingency Plan: Biocover ^c	Hartland Landfill ^d	
Dried a	This month	249 t	0 t	0 t	0 t	249 t	
Class A	Year to date	249 t	0 t	0 t	0 t	249 t	
Non Class A	This month	0 t				0 t	
Non-Class A	Year to date	0 t				0 t	

^a Greater than 90% solids

2. Compliance Monitoring

The CRD's contractor, Hartland Resource Management Group (HRMG), tests biosolids produced at the RTF to ensure the biosolids are Class A, as defined by the British Columbia Organic Matter Recycling Regulation (OMRR). Testing is performed by CARO Analytical Services. OMRR specifies that for Class A biosolids, metals concentrations must not exceed "those specified in Trade Memorandum T-4-93 (September 1997), Standards for Metals in Fertilizers and Supplements, as amended from time to time." The latest version of OMRR can be found here and the latest version of Trade Memorandum T-4-93 can be found here. In June 2022, The Ministry of Environment

^b Used as an alternative fuel at the Lafarge cement manufacturing facility in Richmond, BC

^c Placed within the leachate containment areas of Hartland Landfill

d Dried Class A Biosolids are rendered inert by mixing with soil and landfilled within leachate containment areas, and Non-Class A Biosolids are landfilled as a controlled waste

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and Climate Change Strategy announced the intention to amend OMRR, including new standards for Class A biosolids. Regulatory amendments are targeted for 2023. The proposed OMRR Standards have been included in the table for reference.

Class A biosolids compliance data for January 2023 is as follows:

	OMRR Limit ^a	Proposed OMRR	Biosolids (mg/kg dry weight)		
Substance	(mg/kg dry weight)	Standard b (mg/kg dry weight)	Average	Minimum	Maximum
Metals					
Arsenic (As)	666	41	2.11	1.78	2.49
Cadmium (Cd)	177	15	1.39	1.30	1.60
Chromium (Cr)	9,333	1000	36.5	28.2	47.5
Cobalt (Co)	1,333	150	3.20	2.61	3.90
Copper (Cu)	6,666	1500	482	456	534
Mercury (Hg)	44	4	0.589	0.533	0.686
Molybdenum (Mo)	177	20	7.13	6.76	7.78
Nickel (Ni)	1,600	180	17.7	14.7	21.6
Lead (Pb)	4,444	300	29.7	27.2	33.0
Selenium (Se)	124	25	4.36	3.87	4.99
Thallium (Tl)	44	ns	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Vanadium (V)	5,777	ns	15.8	12.5	19.1
Zinc (Zn)	16,444	1820	798	767	871
Fecal Coliforms					
MPN	1,000	1,000	<3.0	<3.0	<3.0

^a For metals, the maximum allowable concentrations for Class A biosolids are calculated based on a 500 kg/ha annual application rate; for fecal coliforms, the maximum allowable concentration is a fixed value

ns - no standard

^b Proposed OMRR standards are tabled for reference - standards subject to change once final OMRR amendment is published.